



THE COUNTY GOVERNMENT OF NAROK
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ECONOMIC PLANNING

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BUDGET IMPLEMENTATION REPORT

QUARTER 3 OF FINANCIAL YEAR 2024/2025

APRIL 15, 2025

Hon. David Muntet
County Executive Committee Member
Finance and Economic Planning

Peter Naingisa
Chief officer
Finance and Economic Planning

Budget Implementation Report

1.1 County Government of Narok

1.1.1 Overview of FY 2024/25 Budget

The Narok County Approved Budget for FY 2024/25 is Kshs 15.68. It comprises Kshs 5.16 billion (32.9 per cent) and Kshs 10.53 billion (67.1 per cent) allocation for development and recurrent programmes, respectively. The budget estimates represent an increase of Kshs 627.44 million (4 per cent) from the FY 2023/24 budget that comprised a development budget of Kshs 5.323 billion and a recurrent budget of Kshs 9.736 billion. The increase in the budget was attributed to the rise in own source revenue. The County's Approved Budget is Kshs 15.52 billion, which consists of Kshs 10.56 billion for recurrent and Kshs 5.16 billion for development.

Commented [DCC081]:
1200K' to 1.2 bn amount

The budget will be financed from the following revenue sources: equitable share of revenue raised nationally of Kshs 9.53 billion (60.8 per cent), additional allocations of Kshs 1.12 billion (7.2 per cent), a cash balance of Kshs 0 million (0 per cent) brought forward from FY 2023/24, and Kshs 5.024 billion (31 per cent) generated as gross own-source revenue. The own-source revenue includes Kshs 44 million (0.3 per cent) as Appropriations-in-Aid (A-I-A), Ksh 120.95 million (0.8 per cent) as Facility Improvement Fund (revenue from health facilities), and, Kshs 4.89 billion (31 per cent) as ordinary own-source revenue. A breakdown of the additional allocations is shown in Table 1.1.

1.1.2 Revenue Performance

In the review period, the County received Kshs 1.168 billion in revenues to fund its development and recurrent activities. This amount represents an increase of Kshs 1.78 billion from Kshs 9.30 billion received in the same period in FY 2023/24. The total revenue consists of Kshs. 6.10 billion from the equitable share of revenue raised nationally, additional allocations from government and development partners of Kshs. 0 billion, and its own-source revenue (OSR) collection of Kshs. 4.98 billion. In addition, the County had a cash balance of Kshs 0 billion from FY 2023/24.

The total OSR collection of Kshs. 4.98 billion includes Appropriations in Aid (AIA) of Kshs. 27.96 million, Facilities Improvement Financing (FIF) of Kshs. 75.03 million, and Kshs. 4.88 billion from other OSR sources. OSR collections from the FIF were received from [Narok referral, Kilgoris and Loigorian referral hospitals], where FIF is collected. Table 1.1 summarises the total revenue available to the County Government during the first nine months of FY 2024/25.

Table 1.1 (Narok County, Revenue Performance in the First Nine Months of FY 2024/25

No	Revenue Stream	Potential Revenue (FIF, OSR, FIF and AIA) (Kshs)	Annual Targeted Revenue (Kshs.)	Actual Revenue (Kshs.)	Variance (Kshs.)
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		A	B	C	D=B-C
A	Unspent Balance from FY 2023/24			11,032,887.00	(11,032,887.00)
B	Equitable Share of Revenue (Based on Nationality)	0	9,533,807,838.00	6,045,801,832.00	3,487,965,207.00
I					
	Sub-Total		9,533,807,838.00	6,183,034,689.00	3,487,965,207.00
C	Additional Allocations (Including Grants)				
1	Road Maintenance Pool Levy (RMPL)	0	175,396,523.69	-	175,396,523.69
2	Allocation for Mineral Royalties	0	12,788,040.92	-	12,788,040.92
3	County Aggregated Industrial Park (CAIP)	0	250,000,000.00	-	250,000,000.00
4	World Bank Loan- MWCSP	0	151,515,152.00	-	151,515,152.00
5	DAKSHI Grant - PSC	0	12,382,000.00	-	12,382,000.00
6	Kenya Agricultural Business Development Project (KABDP)	0	10,918,919.00	-	10,918,919.00
7	Kenya Devolution Support Programme (KDSPI)	0	37,500,000.00	-	37,500,000.00
8	Kenya Urban Support Programme (KUSP II) USG	0	35,800,000.00	-	35,800,000.00
9	Kenya Urban Support Programme (KUSP II) USG	0	71,235,901.00	-	71,235,901.00
10	Financing Locally Led Climate Action (FLLCA) Dev	0	131,348,362.00	-	131,348,362.00
11	Financing Locally Led Climate Action (FLLCA) Res.	0	11,000,000.00	-	11,000,000.00
12	Community Health Promoters (CHP) Projects	0	49,000,000.00	-	49,000,000.00
13	USPPA	0	7,480,000.00	-	7,480,000.00
14	Kenya Devolution Support Programme (KDSPI II)P	0	68,451,600.00	-	68,451,600.00
	Sub-Total		1,124,851,043.61	-	1,124,851,043.61
D	Own Sources of Revenue				
1	GROSS REVENUE	283,200,000.00	294,389,909.00	125,491,271.00	358,778,638.00
2	PLAT RENT	226,200,000.00	122,176,894.40	0,340,000.00	214,235,114.40
3	SINGLE BUSINESS PERMITS	407,600,000.00	04,341,460.51	48,745,884.00	48,996,884.51
4	HOUSE RENTS		17,380,000.00	3,601,912.00	13,778,088.00
5	VEHICLE PARKING	57,780,000.00	38,080,000.00	13,021,603.00	22,674,498.00
6	MARKETS & BAZAAR FEE	144,000,000.00	50,096,805.12	6,648,622.00	43,448,183.12
7	ADVERTISING	147,000,000.00	5,838,531.49	7,294,151.00	(1,455,619.51)

8	PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FEES		5,000,000.00	1,999,333.00	1,808,792.08
9	PHYSICAL PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT	8,790,000.00	54,239,799.74	9,939,702.80	41,299,082.74
10	RENT OF COUNTY ASSETS		413,903.34		-812,988.28
11	CONSERVANCY & SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL	93,200,000.00	8,531,250.80	134,490.00	8,416,762.08
12	SALE OF COUNTY ASSETS		31,650,000.00	29,743,200.00	1,906,800.00
13	ADMINISTRATION CONTROL FEES & CHARGES	88,700,000.00	1,461,905.80		1,461,915.68
14	PAWS FEES				
15	MISCELLANEOUS BACKFEE	2,182,000,000.00	4,141,751,056.43	4,629,710,882.39	[879,959,825.87]
16	OTHER FINES, PENALTIES AND FORFEITURE FEES	77,000,000.00	5,779,538.70	8,131,755.30	[2,345,176.60]
	Sub-Total	13,180,000.00	260,915.75	634,408.08	[33,004,100]
		3,733,900,000.00	4,859,048,893.44	4,678,990,588.65	[89,942,488.11]
E	Facility Improvement Fund (FIF)				
F	HOSPITAL FEES	334,380,000.00	120,831,968.06	71,839,957.00	49,001,991.06
	Sub-Total				
F	Appropriation in Aid	334,380,000.00	128,331,968.06	71,839,957.00	49,001,991.06
G	LIQUOR FEES	52,800,000.00	40,999,999.50	27,956,687.00	16,043,312.50
	Sub-Total				
G	Other Revenue	52,800,000.00	40,999,999.50	27,956,687.00	16,043,312.50
H					
I					
J					
	Sub-Total				
	Total	4,280,000,000.00	13,691,438,088.61	13,991,069,833.65	4,631,582,103.85

Source: Nariak County Treasury

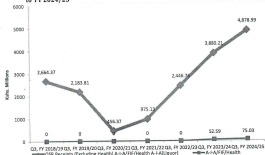
Include an explanation for any performance above 100% or below 50% of the annual target.

Please provide the correct name of the additional allocations as they appear in the County Governments Additional Allocations Act.

Indicated whether the County has/does not have governing legislation on the operation of ordinary A-I-A and FIF.

Figure 1 shows the collection trend in own-source revenue from the first nine months of FY 2019/20 to FY 2024/25.

Figure 1: Trend in Own-Source Revenue Collection for the First Nine Months of FY 2019/20 to FY 2024/25



*Report the table in the Excel worksheet

* All income from the health sector should be stated as A-I-A or FIF, even if the County deposited the same into the CRF - this will ensure equal treatment across all counties.

Ensure figures for the period agree with table 1, above as appropriate.

Source: Nairobi County Treasury

During the review period, the County generated Kshs.4.89 billion from its own revenue sources, including AIA and FIF. This amount was an increase of 21 per cent compared to Kshs. 3.96 billion realised in a similar period in FY 2023/24 and was 99.2 per cent of the annual target and 82 per cent of the equitable revenue share disbursed.

The revenue streams which contributed the highest OSR receipts are shown in Figure 2.

Commented [P2]: Limit to the 6 top streams only and include AIA and/or FIF. Totals should agree.

Figure 2: Top Own Source Revenue Streams in the First Nine Months FY 2024/25 (include the Kshs. label against all amounts in the pie chart)



Source: Nakuru County Treasury

(the above graph should include AIA/FIF)

As shown in Figure 2, the highest revenue stream of Kshs. 4.62 billion was from park fees contributing to 93 per cent of the total OSR receipts. The County Government has automated all revenue streams (amend as necessary).

1.1.3 Borrowing by the County

The County Government borrowed a total of Kshs.0 billion from xx (Kshs.xx.xx million), xx (Kshs.xx.xx million) and xxx (Kshs.xx.xx million) to support its operations. Include a write-up on any short-term borrowing (County to disclose and provide evidence); the write-up should include the name of the financial institution(s), approval for the borrowing, the purpose of the borrowing, the amount borrowed and the outstanding amounts as of 31st March 2025.

1.1.4 Exchequer Issues

The Controller of Budget approved withdrawals of Kshs.10.80 billion from the CBF account during the reporting period, which comprised Kshs.2.04 billion (18.9per cent) for development programmes and Kshs.8.76 billion (81.1per cent) for recurrent programmes. Analysis of the recurrent exchequers released indicates that Kshs 4.63 billion was released towards compensation of employees and Kshs 4.14 billion for operations and maintenance expenditure. Exchequer approved towards compensation for employees in the first nine months of FY 2024/25 do not include the March 2025 exchequer request for the County Executive and County Assembly due to --- (include the appropriate statement)

Commented [OC083]: Amend accordingly

Analysis of the operations and maintenance exchequer releases indicates that 5 per cent was for domestic travel and 0.33 per cent for foreign travel. The domestic travel exchequer amounted to Kshs. 352.1million and included Kshs.171.57 million for the County Executive and Kshs.180.54million for the County Assembly. The foreign exchequer totalled Kshs. 13.04million, comprising Kshs.13.84 million for the County Executive and Kshs.0 million for the County Assembly.

Table 1.2:Nrok County, Budget Allocation and Exchequer Issued by Department

Department	Budget Allocation (Kshs.)		Exchequer Issues (Kshs.)		Expenditure (Kshs.)	
	Rec	Dev	Rec	Dev	Rec	Dev
County Assembly	911,809,008	158,080,880	572,516,499		578,753,277	
County Executive	321,742,095		240,694,819		238,684,059	
Finance & Economic Planning	1,651,604,999	125,105,080	1,478,799,79	10,105,008	1,480,399,79	10,105,080
Transport and Public Works	311,130,864	1,303,180,51	278,798,953	348,345,345	279,798,913	348,345,345
Education, Youth, Sports, Culture and Social Services	1,671,513,485	406,800,008	1,521,891,70	375,302,889	1,508,091,78	375,302,889
Environment Protection, Energy, Water & Natural Resources	308,188,340	589,560,508	320,868,023	260,837,142	310,868,023	260,837,142
Public Service Board	352,143,276	-	85,437,873	51,889,439	85,437,873	51,889,439
Agriculture, Livestock & Fisheries	447,648,312	619,638,819	328,615,908	78,341,378	327,868,937	80,316,548
Health & Sanitation	2,841,234,310	481,084,835	2,496,687,15	542,135,784	2,496,687,15	534,235,784
Land Housing Physical Planning & Urban Development	227,776,251	307,008,080	186,998,952	155,683,867	188,958,952	143,629,875
ICT & E Governance	123,325,222	218,008,080	194,169,083	-	194,168,480	-
Administration And Public Services Management	916,600,405	133,008,080	825,186,724	73,008,008	825,186,724	73,008,008
Trade, Industry and Cooperative Development	588,130,513	670,248,999	518,287,036	-	518,287,036	-
Office of the County Attorney	55,618,013	-	80,561,798	-	80,561,280	-
Total	18,526,979,194	6,158,558,97	8,756,240,38	2,341,480,81	8,486,733,82	2,693,188,947

Source: Narak County Treasury

As of 31 March 2025, the County Government's cash balance in the CRF account was Kshs.106.80 million.

1.1.5 County Expenditure Review

The County spent Kshs.10.49 billion on development and recurrent programmes in the reporting period. The expenditure represented 97.1 per cent of the total funds released by the CofA and

comprised of Kshs.8.49billion and Kshs 2.00 billion on development and recurrent programmes, respectively. Expenditure on development programmes represented an absorption rate of 38.9 per cent, while recurrent expenditure represented 80.6 per cent of the annual recurrent expenditure budget.

1.1.6 Settlement of Pending Bills

The County reported pending bills totalling Kshs. 426.44 million as of 30th June 2024. This amount included Kshs.400.53 million from the County Executive and Kshs.17.92 million from the County Assembly. The pending bills from the County Executive consists of Kshs.163.62 million for recurrent expenditures and Kshs.244.90 million for development expenditures.

During the period under review, the County Executive settled pending bills amounting to Ksh 54 million, comprising Kshs.35 million for recurrent programmes and Kshs.17 million for development programmes. On the other hand, the County Assembly settled pending bills worth Kshs.0 million, which included Kshs.0million for recurrent activities and Kshs.0 million for development activities.

The County Executive and the Assembly submitted a pending bills payment plan at the commencement of FY 2024/25, committing to pay Kshs.000 million and Kshs.000 million, respectively, in the first nine months of FY 2024/25. However, the County did adhere/not adhere to this payment plan, as it cleared Kshs.000.00 million for the Executive and Kshs.000.00 million for the Assembly.

As of 31 March 2025, the outstanding bills amounted to Kshs.355.45 million, comprising Kshs. 337.53 for the County Executive and Kshs. 17.92 million for the County Assembly.

1.1.7 Expenditure by Economic Classification

The County Executive spent Kshs.4.27 billion on employee compensation, Kshs. 3.65 million on operations and maintenance, and Kshs.2.0 billion on development activities. Similarly, the County Assembly spent Kshs.346.89 million on employee compensation, Kshs.223.89 million on operations and maintenance, and Kshs.0 million on development activities, as shown in Table 1.3.

Table 1.3: Summary of Budget and Expenditure by Economic Classification

Expenditure Classification	Budget (Kshs.)		Expenditure (Kshs.)		Overall Expenditure as a Percentage of Revenue (%)
	County Executive	County Assembly	County Executive	County Assembly	
Total Recurrent Expenditure	9,615,879,104	911,608,088	3,913,897,546	378,779,271	40.97
Compensation to Employees	4,295,813,112	945,873,963	4,187,879,811	143,485,900	
Operations and Maintenance	4,830,855,992	265,926,008	3,647,873,513	223,289,377	33.64
Development Expenditure	3,889,210,992	159,808,088	2,082,480,842	-	10.89
Total	18,335,945,084	1,081,608,088	9,643,257,699	578,779,271	

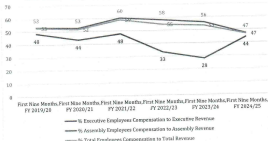
Source: Narak County Treasury

1.1.8 Expenditure on Compensation to Employees

- 2 In the period under review, the expenditure on employee compensation amounted to Kshs.4.61billion. The total revenue, excluding the earnings from extractive natural resources from sand cess, gypsum cess, and quarry cess, is Kshs. 11.08 billion. Consequently, the percentage of employee compensation to this adjusted revenue is 41.7 per cent. This expenditure on employee compensation shows an increase compared to the Kshs.2.71 billion reported during the same period in FY 2023/24. Of this total, Kshs.796.63 million was allocated to Health Sector employees, which accounts for 17.3 per cent of the overall employees' compensation. (Any significant change (above 10 %) in compensation to employees compared to the previous period should be explained).

Figure 3 shows the trend of compensation to employees' expenditures as a percentage of total revenue received in the first nine months of FY 2019/20 to FY 2024/25.

Figure 3: Percentage of Compensation to Employees to Total Revenue Received in the First Nine Months of the year from FY 2019/20 to FY 2024/25



Source: Narak County Treasury

Further analysis indicates that PE costs amounting to Kshs.4.18 billion were processed through the Integrated Payroll and Personnel Database (IPPD) system. In contrast, Kshs.17.82 million was processed through manual payrolls, which accounted for 0.4 per cent of the total PE cost.

The manual payrolls comprised salaries for 1 staff yet to be onboarded into the Government Human Resource Information System (GHRIS), salaries for 95 casual staff, top-up allowance for security personnel, gratuity remittances to pension schemes for staff on contract, and LAPTRUST/LAPPUND Pension Contributions, as shown in Table 1.4.

Commented [DCCBA]: Revised accordingly

Table 1.4: Breakdown of Narek County Manual Payroll

Sno.	Description of Manual Payroll	Amount Kshs.
1.	Salaries for 1 staff yet to be onboarded into UHR	1,003,672.40
2.	Salaries for 95 casual staff	10,557,502.00
3.	Top-up Allowances for 15 security officers	2,694,818.71
4.	LAPTRUST/LAPFUND Pension Contributions	200,370,581.14
5.	Gratuity for contract staff	42,104,425.14
6.	Permanent Exits	611,977.79
7.	NMK- Staff Pension Scheme	145,192.45
	Total	257,488,189.63

The County Assembly spent Kshs.28.31 million on committee sitting allowances for the 50 MCAs against the annual budget allocation of Kshs.34.81 million. The average monthly sitting allowance was Kshs.62,926 per MCA. The County Assembly has 21 House Committees.

2.1.1 County Emergency Fund and County-Established Funds

Section 116 of the PFM Act 2012 allows County Governments to establish other public funds with approval from the County Executive Committee and the County Assembly. The County allocated Kshs.xx.xx million to County-Established funds in FY 2024/25, or xx per cent of the County's overall budget. Further, the County allocated Kshs.xx.xx million to the Emergency Fund (xx per cent of the total budget) in line with Section 116 of the PFM Act, 2012. Table 1.5 summarises each established Fund's budget allocation and performance during the reporting period.

Table 1.5: Performance of County Established Funds in the First Nine Months of FY 2024/25

S.No.	Name of the Fund	Year Established	Approved Budget Allocation in FY 2024/25 (Kshs.)	Exchequer Issues in the First Nine Months of FY 2024/25(Own Source Revenue) (Kshs.)	Actual Expenditure in First Nine Months of FY 2024/25 (Kshs.)	Cumulative Disbursements to the Fund (Kshs.)	Submission of First Nine Months Financial Statements (Yes/No.)
			County Executive Established Funds				
1.	Narek County	01.01.2019	20,800,000	27,945,687	27,465,190	27,905,687	Yes

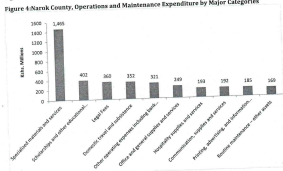
Sr.No.	Name of the Corporation	Parent Department	Apposed Budget Allocation in FY 2024/25 (Kshs.)	Expenditure in the First Nine Months of FY 2024/25 (Kshs.)	Actual Expenditure in First Nine Months of FY 2024/25 (Kshs.)
5.					
6.					
7.					
Total					

Source: Narok County Treasury

3.1.3 Expenditure on Operations and Maintenance

Figure 4 summarises the Operations and Maintenance expenditure by major categories.

Figure 4:Narok County, Operations and Maintenance Expenditure by Major Categories



Source: Narok County Treasury

Expenditure on domestic travel amounted to Kshs.332.11 million and comprised Kshs.189.54 million spent by the County Assembly and Kshs.171.57 million by the County Executive. Expenditure on foreign travel amounted to Kshs.13.85 million and comprised Kshs 13.85 million by the County Assembly and Kshs.0 million by the County Executive. Expenditure on foreign travel is summarised in Table 1.7.

Table 1.7: Summary of Expenditure on Foreign Travel in the First Nine Months of FY 2024/25

Arm of County Government	No. of Officers Travelled	Dates travelled	Purpose of the travel	Destination	Total Costs of the Travel (Kshs.)
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County Executive	2 officers	23rd to 27th September	Industrial Tour	Poly and Gweru	1,895,180
County Executive	2 officers	23th to 31st August	12th World Wilderness congress	USA	1,616,228
County Executive	3 Officers	34th to 17th October	Export Auction benchmarking exercise	South Africa	1,978,648
County Executive	5 officers	4TH-6th March	Kenya tourism boards expo invite	Germany	3,706,605
County Executive	2 officers	3rd-13 February	Africa World Championship qualifiers	South Africa	938,156
County Executive	4 officers	4TH-6th March	Kenya tourism boards expo invite	Germany	3,706,605
Total					13,846,416

Source: Narok County Treasury and Narok County Assembly

The operations and maintenance costs include an expenditure of Kshs.77.71 million on garbage collection and Kshs.360.27 million on Legal fees/Dues, arbitration and compensation payments expenditure legal fees.

2.1.4 Facility Improvement Financing

During the period under review, the County reported a collection of Kshs.75.12 million as FIF, which was 62 per cent of the annual target of Kshs.120.95 million. The collected amount was retained and utilised at source in line with the Facility Improvement Financing Act, 2023. The County has (however, not) developed regulations, 20xx, to operationalise the FIF Act of 2023.

The Health Facilities did (not) provide a report on the utilisation of the FIF during the reporting period, in line with (contrary to) Section 18 (c) of the FIF Act, 2023.

Commented [P6]: The suggested write-up in red should be verified to ensure the accuracy of the report.

The expenditure by the health facilities amounted to Kshs.x,xxx, as shown in Table 1.8.

Table 1.8: Breakdown of Expenditure by Health Facilities in the First Nine Months of FY 2024/25

No.	Name of the Health Facility	Approved Budget for the Facility	Actual Expenditure of the Facility	Absorption rate (%)
1.	Narok County Referral Hospital		59,556,100	
2.	LOLGORIAN		3,427,701	
3.	TRANSMARA WEST		10,908,470	
4.	OLOLULUNGA		1,487,386	
	Total		75,379,657	

Source: Narok County Treasury

The Health Facility with the highest absorption rate was Narok county referral Hospital.

2.1.5 Development Expenditure

In the review period, the County reported spending Kshs.2.0 billion on development programmes, representing a decrease of 45 per cent compared to a similar period in FY 2023/24, when the County spent Kshs.2.90 billion. Table 1.9 summarises development projects with the highest expenditure in the reporting period.

The increase/ decline in development expenditure was attributed to ...

Table 1.9: Narok County, List of Development Projects with the Highest Expenditure

No.	Sector	Project Name	Project Location	Expected Completion Date	Contract sum (Kshs)	Amount paid in the first Nine Months of FY 2024/25 (Kshs.)	Cumulative Expenditure as of 31st March 2025	Implementation status (%)
1	Health and Sanitation	Manga Processing Plant	Lomut ward	31 December 2026	58,186,500	500,600	5,086,500	16
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								

Sources: Narok County Treasury

Commented (OC087): Amend this table, check the NA approach that has cumulative amount paid

Include an explanation for any absorption rate(s) above 100% and all projects without a budget allocation. Also, make relevant observations here. Let us have ten projects with the highest expenditure.

The County has reported xx stalled development projects to date, with an estimated value of Kshs.xx.xx million, of which Kshs.xx.xx has already been paid.

2.1.6 Budget Performance by Department

Table 1.10 summarises the approved budget allocation, expenditure and absorption rate by departments in the period under review.

Table 1.10: Narok County, Budget Allocation and Absorption Rate by Department

Department	Budget Allocation (Kshs.)		Expenditure (Kshs.)		Expenditure (Kshs.)		Absorption rate (%)	
	Rec	Dev	Rec	Dev	Rec	Dev	Rec	Dev
County Assembly	811,000,000	170,000,000	573,574,490		570,775,277		62.7	-

County Executive	311,742,000		348,091,822		348,091,822		624	-
Finance & Economic Planning	1,821,808,928	121,165,008	1,478,589,799	10,165,008	1,468,744,799	10,305,008	84.8	8.1
Transport and Public Works	311,170,808	1,183,180,374	278,789,813	748,541,345	278,789,813	748,541,345	97.8	96.8
Education, Youth, Sports, Culture and Social Services	1,811,818,485	486,880,808	1,321,091,765	373,802,188	1,308,091,765	313,802,188	81.1	81.0
Environment Protection, Energy, Water & Natural Resources	388,388,168	399,486,580	328,966,833	321,844,581	318,966,833	321,844,581	88.1	89.1
Public Service Board	182,343,276	-	85,431,878	-	85,431,878	-	87.4	-
Agriculture, Livestock & Fisheries	847,848,712	815,418,922	338,636,560	78,141,378	137,888,597	88,514,560	79.6	12.1
Health & Sanitation	1,841,278,118	481,895,835	2,496,687,178	342,138,784	2,496,687,158	314,138,784	84.7	88.2
Land Use/Physical Planning & Urban Development	227,776,240	307,008,080	186,909,892	193,681,867	188,909,892	143,629,875	78.4	46.8
ICT & E-Government	123,321,321	338,800,000	164,168,488	-	164,168,488	-	84.5	-
Administration and Public Services Management	816,658,403	158,088,080	821,180,714	28,088,080	823,180,704	28,088,080	92.1	12.3
Trade, Industry and Cooperative Development	580,170,533	670,248,998	319,287,046	-	319,287,046	-	88.8	-
Office of the County Attorney	91,819,813	-	88,161,280	-	88,161,280	-	88.5	-
Total	10,826,978,184	8,215,258,977	8,758,348,381	2,845,488,941	8,486,732,811	2,465,488,941	80.6	78.8

Source: Narok County Treasury

Please note the addition of "plus A&M" in Table 1.8. Any performance above 100 per cent, if any, should be explained, along with the source of funds.

Analysis of expenditure by departments shows that the Department of Education, Youth, Sports, Culture and Social Services recorded the highest absorption rate of development budget at 81 per cent, followed by the Department of Health and Sanitation at 69.5 per cent. The Department of Education, Youth, Sports, Culture and Social Services had the highest percentage of recurrent expenditure to budget at 93 per cent, while the Department of Trade, Industry and Cooperative Development had the lowest at 88 per cent.

2.1.1.7 Budget Execution by Programmes and Sub-Programmes

Table 1.11 summarises the budget execution by programmes and sub-programmes in the period under review.

Table 1.11: Narok County, Budget Execution by Programmes and Sub-Programmes

Program	Sub-Program	Description	Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Budget execution difference
			KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs
10000400		Crup Development and management	888,078,821.00	0	888,078,821.00	833,813,378.06	778,797,262.90
	10000400	Crup Productivity Improvement	888,078,821.00	0	888,078,821.00	833,813,378.06	778,797,262.90

103004610		Livestock Resource management and development	214,000,000.00	0	214,000,000.00	64,000,477.00	214,000,000.00
	103014610	Livestock Pests & Disease Management & Control	113,236,100.00	0	113,236,100.00	6,000,300.00	113,236,100.00
	103074610	Livestock Information Management	100,823,796.00	0	100,823,796.00	58,020,117.00	100,823,796.00
104004610		Fisheries development and management	48,328,512.00	0	48,328,512.00	18718000	48,328,512.00
	104014610	Fish Products Production	48,328,512.00	0	48,328,512.00	18718000	48,328,512.00
105004610		Land Policy and Planning	44,403,000.00	0	44,403,000.00	3,324,135.00	44,403,000.00
	105014610	Development Planning and Land Reform	44,403,000.00	0	44,403,000.00	3,324,135.00	44,403,000.00
106004610		Housing Development and Human Settlement	171,103,038.00	0	171,103,038.00	51,873,720.00	171,103,038.00
	106014610	Housing Development	171,103,038.00	0	171,103,038.00	51,873,720.00	171,103,038.00
107004610		Urban Mobility and Transport	293,080,300.00	0	293,080,300.00	0.00	293,080,300.00
	107014610	Metropolitan Planning & Infrastructure Development	293,080,300.00	0	293,080,300.00		293,080,300.00
201004610		Roads Transport and Public Works	1,614,381,420.00	0	1,614,381,420.00	1,238,000,790.00	1,284,932,004.00
	201014610	General Administration, Planning and Support Services	67,185,200.00	0	67,185,200.00	10,000,000.00	66,645,070.00
	201024610	Construction of Roads and Bridges	1,470,380,344.00	0	1,470,380,344.00	1,210,112,000.00	1,160,408,721.00
	201034610	Maintenance of Roads	67,786,785.00	0	67,786,785.00	4,800,731.00	60,927,054.00
202004610		ICT Services	441,305,323.00	0	441,305,323.00	42,000,000.00	399,305,323.00
	202014610	ICT Infrastructure Development	441,305,323.00	0	441,305,323.00	42,000,000.00	399,305,323.00
301004610		General Administration and Support Services	600,100,000.00	0	600,100,000.00	72,377,000.00	600,100,000.00
	301014610	Administrative Services	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
	301024610	Cooperative Development & Management	34,000,000.00	0	34,000,000.00	0.00	34,000,000.00
	301034610	Trade Development and Promotion	600,100,000.00	0	600,100,000.00	72,377,000.00	600,100,000.00
302004610		Tourism Development and Promotion	400,000,000.00	0	400,000,000.00	220,000,000.00	220,000,000.00
	302014610	Tourism Promotion and Marketing	400,000,000.00	0	400,000,000.00	220,000,000.00	220,000,000.00

200000000		Tourism Development and Promotion	100,248,898.00	0	100,248,898.00	0	100,248,898.00
	200000000	Tourism Infrastructure Development	100,248,898.00	0	100,248,898.00	0	100,248,898.00
407004010		Recreative & Promotive Health Services	481,264,838.00	0	481,264,838.00	448,361,538.00	481,264,838.00
407014010		Health Promotion	481,084,038.00	0	481,084,038.00	448,361,538.00	481,084,038.00
402004010		Curative Health Services	488,124,894.00	0	488,124,894.00	308,218,898.00	488,124,894.00
402014010		Referral Services	488,124,894.00	0	488,124,894.00	308,218,898.00	488,124,894.00
402004010		General Administration, Planning & Support Services	3,383,149,418.00	0	3,383,149,418.00	2,943,814,858.00	3,383,149,418.00
402014010		Health Policy, Planning and Financing	3,383,149,418.00	0	3,383,149,418.00	2,943,814,858.00	3,383,149,418.00
500004010		Manpower Development, Employment and Productivity Management	1,738,438,898.00	0	1,738,438,898.00	1,443,888,984.00	1,738,438,898.00
500014010		Early Child Development and Education	1,738,438,898.00	0	1,738,438,898.00	1,443,888,984.00	1,738,438,898.00
701004010		General Administration, Planning and Support Services	2,484,774,788.00	0	2,484,774,788.00	1,473,811,212.00	2,484,774,788.00
701014010		Administrative Services	772,181,128.00	0	772,181,128.00	385,894,734.00	772,181,128.00
701004010		Commission and Administrative Services	772,181,128.00	0	772,181,128.00	385,894,734.00	772,181,128.00
701004010		Public Service and Field Administrative Services	687,878,898.00	0	687,878,898.00	489,211,802.00	687,878,898.00
701004010		Waste Management Services	100,343,378.00	0	100,343,378.00	82,189,462.00	100,343,378.00
702004010		Public Finance Management	604,828,078.00	0	604,828,078.00	473,728,000.00	604,828,078.00
702014010		Accounting Services	84,821,838.00	0	84,821,838.00	60,824,328.00	84,821,838.00
702024010		Research Mobilization	488,041,607.00	0	488,041,607.00	412,903,672.00	488,041,607.00
703004010		Budget Formulation, Coordination and Management	51,818,543.00	0	51,818,543.00	30,170,780.00	51,818,543.00
703044010		Supply Chain Management Services	231,623,833.00	0	231,623,833.00	208,838,808.00	231,623,833.00
703044010		Internal Audit Services	71,846,887.00	0	71,846,887.00	58,738,477.00	71,846,887.00
703044010		Economic Policy and County Planning	871,784,883.00	0	871,784,883.00	861,175,407.00	871,784,883.00
703014010		Economic Planning Coordination	718,481,983.00	0	718,481,983.00	433,388,183.00	718,481,983.00

	700024670	Mentoring and Evaluation Services	192,332,917.00	0	192,332,917.00	119,687,294.00	22,525,893.00
700024670		Legislation and Representation	130,083,808.00	0	130,083,808.00	91,821,342.00	150,083,808.00
	700024670	County Co-ordination Services	154,030,000.00	0	154,030,000.00	81,521,542.00	28,168,428.00
901004670		Social Development and Children Services	217,053,955.00	0	217,053,955.00	147,821,480.00	217,053,955.00
	901014670	Gender and Youth Development	50,778,643.00	0	50,778,643.00	30,082,569.00	19,764,478.00
	901024670	Social Assistance to Vulnerable Groups	21,212,258.00	0	21,212,258.00	3,686,830.00	17,525,708.00
	901034670	Development and Promotion of culture	34,332,968.00	0	34,332,968.00	7,885,180.00	26,477,568.00
	901044670	Development and Management of sports facilities	21,000,000.00	0	21,000,000.00	0	21,000,000.00
	901054670	Sports Services	68,754,383.00	0	68,754,383.00	45,709,745.00	46,054,817.00
	901064670	Voluntary Training Services	87,067,715.00	0	87,067,715.00	58,567,838.00	28,403,079.00
902004670		Environment Management and Protection	267,888,840.00	0	267,888,840.00	154,434,537.00	245,087,313.00
	100014670	Forests Conservation and Management	267,888,840.00	0	267,888,840.00	154,434,537.00	245,087,313.00
		Grand Total	18,682,335,083.01	0	18,682,335,083.01	10,498,212,880.00	8,183,122,214.00

Source: Nairobi County Treasury

Ensure the total convergence with the approved PBM budget and expenditure as presented in Table 1.10.

Sub-programmes with the highest levels of implementation based on absorption rates were: Health policy planning and financing in the Department of Health and Sanitation at 99 per cent, Health promotion in the Department of Health and Sanitation at 91 per cent, Early Child Development and Education in the Department of Education, Youth, Sports, Culture and Social Services at 83 per cent, and Construction of roads at 82 per cent of budget allocation.

2.1.8 Accounts Operated Commercial Banks

Regulations 82(1)(b) of the PFM (County Governments) Regulations, 2015, requires that County Government bank accounts be opened and maintained at the Central Bank of Kenya. The only exemption is for imprest bank accounts for petty cash and revenue collection bank accounts.

Regulation 82(4) of the Public Finance Management (PFM) Act requires accounting officers to obtain written authorisation from the County Treasury before opening a commercial bank account. Additionally, Regulation 82(5) of the Public Finance Management (County Governments)

Regulations, 2015, requires the County Treasury to submit a copy of the letter authorising an accounting officer to open a commercial bank account to the Controller of Budget.

The County Government operated 6 accounts with commercial banks, including 2 accounts for Health Facilities, xx accounts for Vocational Training Centers, xx accounts for Established Funds, xx revenue accounts, xx special purpose accounts (additional allocations), and xx accounts for...

Commented [M88]: Ensure the list of bank accounts is provided separately in Excel

Commented [JOC089]: Note, that these are commercial accounts and thus do not include GRK accounts

The County Treasury submitted/did not submit copies of authorisation letters to the Controller of Budget for opening XX commercial bank accounts as per Regulation 82(5) of the Public Finance Management (County Governments) Regulations, 2015.

Commented [EK18]: Answer accordingly

2.1.9 Key Observations and Recommendations List down challenges as appropriate.

In the course of overseeing and reporting on the implementation of the County budget, the COB identified the following challenges which hampered effective budget implementation:

- i. Late submission of financial reports by the County Treasury to the Controller of Budget affected the timely preparation of the budget implementation report. The report was received on xxx.
- ii. The underperformance of own-source revenue at Kshs.300xx million against an annual target of Kshs.400xx million, representing xx per cent of the yearly target. If performance is below 40 per cent of the annual target.
- iii. Unspent funds from FY 2023/24 were not refunded into the CRF account, which led to actual expenditures exceeding the approved exchequer in several departments, as shown in Table 1.10.
- iv. Regulation 197(1)(i) of the Public Finance Management (County Governments) Regulations, 2015, limits the lifespan of public funds to 10 years unless extended by the County Assembly. During the reporting period, the COB found that the lifespan of XX Fund and XX Fund had expired, making them ineligible for further withdrawals.
- v. Fund Administrators failed to submit quarterly financial and non-financial reports to the COB within the timelines provided by law, which is against the requirement of Section 168 of the PFM Act, 2012. The reports for the xxxxxx Fund, xxxxx Fund and xxxxx Fund were not submitted to the Controller of Budget as of 15th January 2025.
- vi. High level of pending bills which amounted to Kshs.300xx billion as of 31st March 2025. Further, there was non-adherence to the payment plan for the pending bills by the County Treasury.
- vii. Use of manual payroll. Personnel emoluments amounting to Kshs.300xx million for XX staff yet to be onboarded into HRIS and XX casual staff were processed through manual payroll, accounting for xx per cent of the total payroll cost. Manual payroll is prone to abuse and may lead to the loss of public funds where proper controls are lacking.
- viii. The programmes and sub-programmes in Table 1.11 were not aligned with the approved budget for each department; for example...

- ix. Non-submission of copies of authorisation letters for opening commercial bank accounts as per Regulation 93(5) of the Public Finance Management (County Governments) Regulations, 2015
- x. Etc.---

The County should implement the following recommendations to improve budget execution:

- i. The County Treasury should ensure timely preparation and submission of financial reports to the Office of the Controller of Budget per the timelines prescribed in Section 166 of the PFM Act, 2012.
- ii. The County should address its own-source revenue performance to ensure the approved budget is fully financed. Appropriate austerity measures should be implemented to ensure expenditure commitments are aligned with available revenue.
- iii. The County Treasury should ensure unspent funds from the previous financial year are deposited to the CRF Account in line with Section 136 of the PFM Act 2012.
- iv. Ensure timely review and extension of public funds whose lifespan is nearing expiration to prevent operational disruptions. Additionally, any expenditure from expired funds should cease immediately, and legal mechanisms should be followed to either re-establish or wind up such funds in compliance with the Public Finance Management Act.
- v. The CECMF should follow-up to ensure Fund Administrators prepare and submit statutory reports in line with the PFM Act, 2012.
- vi. The County Leadership should address the situation of pending bills to ensure that genuine bills are paid promptly in the remaining financial year. Further, compliance with the payment plan should be enforced.
- vii. The Government requires that salaries be processed through the HRIS system, and the County is advised to fast-track the acquisition of Unified Personnel Numbers for their staff. The County Public Service Board should regulate staff engagement on contract and casual workers as provided under Section 74 of the County Governments Act 2012. Further, strict compliance with the approved staff establishment should be maintained.
- viii. The County Treasury must ensure compliance with the approved programme and sub-programmes in the approved supplementary to budget.
- ix. The County Treasury should ensure it submits to COOB copies of authorisation letters for opening commercial bank accounts to enhance accountability and oversight.
- x. Etc.---

Commented [EK11]: Applicable where some staff are awaiting issuance of UPNs. Otherwise delete

End

Key Notes

1. Figures should be in two decimal places, e.g. Kshs.70.23 million
2. All percentages should be in zero decimal place: The term "zero per cent" indicates no decimal point, as in "12 per cent" or "7 per cent." However, there is an exception for percentages less than 1 per cent. In this case, if the value is, for example, 0.02 per cent, please report it as such in the tables. In the written text, you should write "less than 1 per cent."

3. *Any performance beyond 100 per cent and less than 50 per cent should be followed by an explanation/disclosure*
4. *Font – Minion Pro size 11 for standard text and 9 for all charts and tables. (Source is bold, and text after that is non-bold – both are italic – font 9)*
5. *Validate the data on the spreadsheet's report and have the reports peer-reviewed before submitting them for consolidation.*